the credit of the city that so large a per sent, of the manufacturers bad begun at the bottom and worked themselves to their present positions. The bankers he said had not been disposed to favor the manufacturers when they chanced to get into a tight piace, but this had been an educator, and had doubtless prevented their getting into close quarters financially.

## FEARS FOR A STEAMER.

Baseless Rumor that the Nyack Had Foundered in Lake Erie,

BUFFALO, N. Y., June 12.-It is rumored that the steamer Nyack, an excursion boat from Buffalo to Chicago, via Cleveland and Detroit, has foundered in Lake Erie. She had two bundred passengers on was due in Detroit last night. The source of rumor cannot be definitely traced. The vessel has not yet reached Detroit, and no tidings of her can be heard. The Avon, a slow steamer, followed closely behind the Nyack, but turned back when a storm broke, and has reached Buffalo. The Nyack proceeded on her way. A dispatch from Cleveland says the vessel had not arrived there up to 2 o'clock this Monday morning. A gale prevailed on the lake to-day, but whether or not the Nyack was caught in it is not known.

8 A. M.-The rumor that the Nyack ha been lost is not credited at this hour in fact, it is now regarded as baseless. It is thought likely it sprang from the fact of the gale and that this was the maiden trip of the steamer. A large company of people from Buffalo and western New York is on board. During the storm yesterday, the wind blew sixty miles an hour for two hours. William Beardsley, one of a fishing party, was drowned in Lake Erie during the storm by the capazing of a boat. Late in the afternoon a capsized boat and the body of a woman and child were found in Scajuquada creek.

4 A. M.-A telephone message just received from Erie, Pa., says the steamer Nyack was driven in there the gale at 9:30 o'clock yesterday morning. All on board are safe and well, and will proceed this morning at daylight for Chicago.

A Chicago Steamer Disabled. CHICAGO, June 12, 1:15 A. M.-At 12:30 o'clock this morning the steamer Muskegon, of the Goodrich line, became disabled three miles off Evanston, and about twelve miles north of Chicago, In reto her whistles of distress, the life-saving crew from Evanston was sent to her assistance, and the tugs Mosher and Willis were sent from Chicago. The lights of the vessel could be plainly seen from the shore at Evaston, and she is not thought to be in immediate danger, although it is impossible at the present time to ascertain the nature of the injury.

The Muskegon is a wooden side-wheel steamer of 618 tons burden, 103 feet long. and was built in 1871. She is used mainly for freight and passenger traffic between Lake Michigan ports. Her present crew numbers about twenty-five men, and she has on board about sixty passengers.

## Business Embarrassments.

CHICAGO, June 10.- The Charles P. Kellogg Clothing and Men's Furnishing Company has made a voluntary assignment. John H. Prentiss, president of the company, stated that the difficulties of his establishment were caused by the impossibility of renewing commercial paper in the East. He said: "We have assets far in excess of liabilities. June 1 our balance sheet showed \$1,766,000 to our credit, against \$956,000 liabilities. Our business last year amounted to \$2,300,000. I hope that the stoppage will be only temporary."

SAVANNAH, Ga., June 11 .- Hobbs & Tucker, private bankers of Albany, suspended payment yesterday. Mr. Hobbs says payment will be resumed in a few days. The failure is due to too heavy loans and an inability to realize on collaterals. A quiet run on the bank has been in progress for a month. Deposits aggregate only

NEW ORLEANS, June 11 .- R. M. One & Co., wholesale dealers in paints and building materials, are tinancially embarrassed. Assets, about \$200,000; liabilities, a little over \$100,000.

## Obituary.

Damariscottà, Me., June 11 - Gen. James A. Hall, of this place, died, suddenly, on the train between Syracuse and Utica, N. Y., to-day. He was on his way home from Columbus, O., where he had been in business. General Hall volunteered in the Second Maine Battery, and served through the rebellion, rising, by consecutive promotions, to brevet brigadier general. He was in command of the Light Artillery in Washington when Lincoln was assassinated, and took an important part in maintaining order.

AUBURN, Ala., June 11 .- Dr. N. L. Lupton, one of the most eminent scientists and teachers in the South, is dead.

## Speed of the Ganboat Machias.

New London, Conn., June 11.-The official result of the run of the gunboat Machias was made known at 6 o'clock this evening. The corrected average time for the entire sixty miles of the course was 15,464-1000 knots. This lacks only a trifle of being two and one-haif knots in excess of the required speed, but the builders only receive a bonus on the even 24 knots excess, at \$5,000 per quarter knot, a total of \$45,000. The performance is considered the most remarkable in the history of the new navy. The Machias sailed for Bath at 7 o'clock this evening, and should arrive there Monday evening.

## Losses by Fire.

NEW YORK, June 12 .- Shortly after midnight this morning the chemical works of Joseph Burns, in Williamsburg, were destroyed by fire. The concern carried a stock of at least \$200,000, and the loss will run over \$100,000.

NEW YORK, June 11.—The five-story stor-age warehouse of J. H. Hobby's Sons, corper of Water and Clinton streets, was damaged by fire to-day to the extent of \$100,000.

## Catholic Church Dedicated.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. BLOOMINGTON, Ill., June 11.-Rev. Dr. Walsh, president of the University of Notre Dame, at Notre Dame, Ind., preached the permon, to-day, upon the occasion of the dedication of St. Patrick's Roman Catholic Church, this city. The ceremony was con-

### lucted by Bishop Spaulding, of Peoria. Cut to Pieces by a Train.

Brecial to the Indianapolis Journal. BLOOMINGTON, Ill., June 11.-About 9 s'clock last night an east-bound freight on the Big Four struck a man on the track near the bridge over the Mackinsw river. near Mackinaw station. The man, who was cut to pieces, was identified as Thomas

# Quinn, of Monmouth, Ill.

Bicycle Race Across the Continent. NEW YORK, June 11.—Thomas Roe began his race to San Francisco on a bicycle against time this morning. He started promptly at 11 o'clock. Frank Walter will accompany Roe as pace maker as far as Chicago. His schedule time is sixty-five days, twenty days better than the record held by Nelson A. Bradt.

Democracy's Odious Proposition.

Inquisitorial is a proper adjective to apply to the proposed income tax. The amount of a man's income is nobody's business but his own.

# THERE IS HOPE

For every one who has blood trouble, no matter in what shape or how long standing, provided none of the vital organs have been so far impaired as to render a cure impossible. S. S. S. goes to the root of the disease, and removes the cause, by expelling the poison from the body, and at the same time is a tonic to the whole system. However bad your case may be, there is hope

# FOR YOU.

Cured me of a most malignant type of chronic blood trouble, for which I had used various other remedies without effect. My weight increased, and my health improved in every way. I consider S. S. S. the best tonic I ever used.

"S. A. WRIGHT, Midway, Ga."
Treatise on blood, skin and contagious blood
poison mailed free. SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

TO PROTECT THE BIG DITCH | you said, and he is explaining to them that

United States Blue Jackets Alleged to Have Been Landed in Nicaragua.

Property of Americans Said to Be in Danger, Due, Probably, to Intrigues of Foreigners-A Slaughter of Convicts.

CITY OF MEXICO, June 11 .- Private advices from Nicaragua report that there is grave danger of a collision between the United States marines and the populace. The troops, it is stated, have landed and thrown up fortifications at Santa Fe in order to protect the canal company's property. The government of Nicaragua will endeaver to prevent an outbreak, but the situation is serious.

The Mexican Financier says: "The downfall of the Sacaza government in Nicaragua appears to have behind it an intrigue of foreign interests bostile to the continuance of American control in the Nicaraguan ship canal, an enterprise purely American in its inception and sustained entirely by American capital. When the canal was begun little attention was paid to it, but now that it is likely to be successful, European governments wish to have a voice in its control. But before they secure a share in that control, or a predominance therein, they will have to fight for it, for the United States government cannot afford to permit Europe to have any management in a waterway designed primarrly for the use of the nations of this hemisphere, and it is not for the interest of Mexico that the revolutionists of Nicaragua should intrigue against a continental policy in Nicaragua. All nations may use the canal when it is completed, but that is a very different matter from allowing European governments to place their agents in the board of the aministration of the canal. The Democratic party, now in power in the United States, is committed by its platform of principles to giving government aid to the canal for the purpose of national defense and of the promotion of commerce between the States. Minister Guzman, who represented the late government of President Sacaza at Washington. favors an American protectorate in Nicaragua, but it seems to us that the moral influence of the United States in Nicaragua is sufficient to maintain the status quo. Americans should not mix themselves up in the stormy politics of Central America. but they will not permit the successful revolutionists in Nicaragna to adopt a policy hostile not only to American but Mexican interests. It the new government in Nicaragua cancels the canal company's concession there will be serious trouble, and Sacaza may return to power.'

## The Grand Prix De Paris.

Paris, June 11.-The Grand Prix de Paris was run to-day. Baron A. de Scickler's bay colt Ragotsky came in first; Mr. Rose's bay colt Ravensbury second, A. Abeille's brown colt Callistrate third. Ragotsky is by Parplexe, out of Czardus, and two weeks ago won the French Derby at Chantilly. Ravensbury, the favorite among the English horses of that name, is by Isonomy, out of Penttent. Callistate is by Cambyse, out of Citronelle. There were eleven starters. The conditions of the race were: The Grand Prix de Paris, 200,-000 francs, 150,000 francs given by the city and 50,000 by the five great race companies; for coits and fillies foaled in 1800 of every description and country, added to a sweepstakes of 1,000 france each; the second to receive 10,000 francs, the third 5,000 francs out of the stakes. Course, one mile and seven furlougs.

The day was fine and all the social and political lions of Paris were at the track. Hundreds of members of the English and American colonies were present. The usual display of magnificent costumes and elegant equipages was made. President Carnot and his sons arrived at the track early and were cheered with enthusiasm. Ragotsky won by a short head. Time, 3:38.

James Gordon Bennett's Condition. Paris, June 11 .- James Gordon Bennett is much better to-night and is resting easily. Dr. Robin is living temporarily at Mr. Bennett's hotel so as to watch his patient. French etiquette forbids a doctor giving information concerning his patients. and both Dr. Robin and Dr. Ledentie refuse to be interviewed. It is understood. however, that Dr. Ledentie's operation on Mr. Bennett consisted in his opening the patient's abdomen and removing a clot which collected after profuse internal bleeding, and which, if not removed, might have proved fatal. Dr. Robin does not allow Mr. Bennett to see his friends for fear that their presence might excite his patient. All ringing of belle and other unnecessary noises have been stopped in the neighborhood, and near-by residents of the avenue have drawn the blinds of their

Tilrty-Nine Convicts Slaughtered. CAIRO, June 11 .- Fifty convicts, while returning from the quarries to Tourah prison, near this city, yesterday, overpowered the mounted guards and tried to escape. They constituted the last squad of a gang of six hundred and the gnards shead did not know of the mutiny until the men had captured the ritles of the rear guard. As the fifty convicts fled eleven of the advance guard started in pursuit. The twenty-five guards with the convicts kept them quiet by firing repeatedly over their heads. Half a mile from the spot where the mutiny broke out the eleven guards overtook the fugitives and ordered them to surrender. The convicts who had arms answered with a volley, which wounded two men. The return fire killed thirtynine convicts. The other eleven convicts escaped.

#### Cable Notes. Prince Ferdinand and his bride entered

Sons in state Saturday. A death from cholera took place yesterday in Besseges, France. On Saturday two persons died of cholera at Montpeller-on-

Frank Ives, the American champion billiardies, beat the French champion Fournil, at Paris, yesterday, in a game of 200 points up. The game was played on a

James Gilbert, the dynamiter, recently released from Portland prison, because he was thought to be near death, sailed on the American line steamer Chester from Southampton Saturday. Three physicians certified that a sea voyage would probably

#### prolong his life. Forgot Their Own Manners.

Philadelphia Press. At the final end the best manners are all alike, republican or royal. If the "good people of New York" had been willing to treat the Infanta and her husband as they would have treated an American woman and her bushand whose life and achievements demanded honor, they would never have made themselves ridiculous by paying no attention to Prince Antoine, who in due season will be Duo De Montpensier, If they had returned bow for bow, as any well-bred person would, they would not have given the infanta the unexpected experience of bowing to a room full of apparently well-bred people, not one of whom returned her salutation.

## Edwin Booth as a Speechmaker.

As a speechmaker Edwin Booth was not a success. The man who could sway thousand in delivering the words of others became nervous and almost mandible when he depended upon himself. Once when he was booked to play "Richelieu" in a Western town the costumes went astray, and it became necessary to tell the audience that, under the circumstances, instead of Bulwer's play a farce and three acts of "Hamlet" would be given. Mr. Booth went out before the curtain to make the announcement, "They listened to me," he said afterward, "and when I got through a man in the front of the orchestra looked up and said: 'All right, give us 'Hamlet.'' I went off feeling very proud of my speech. I had done brilliantly, I thought. Just then I heard somebody talking in front of the curtain. 'What's this,' I said to myself, somebody objectingf and I grew excessively nervous. One of the men came in from the front of the house. I asked him who

was talking. "'Oh, that's all right,' be answered; 'he's the proprietor. They didn't hear a word | race question all over against

you've changed the bill." It was with the greatest difficulty that he was persuaded to make the address at the unveiling of the actor's monument in Evergreen Cemetery several years ago. Thousands gathered to hear him, but his speech was delivered in a low, indistinct

voice. When the Players' Club was opened and it became his duty to present his magnificent gift formally to the association, he was extremely nervous. He read his brief speech in a halting and embarrassed manner, and became so confused before its conclusion that he paused, and, with almost a stammer, said: "I think I can say no more," and stepped down from his low dais upon which he stood with the awk-

## HAPPENINGS IN INDIANA.

wardness of a school boy.

Red Men, Pythians and Odd Fellows Decorate the Graves of Th ir Dead, Special to the Indiapapolis Journal.

MUNCIE, Ind., June 11 .- To-day occurred the first celebration of the Independent Order of Red Men's decoration day, and over three thousand people witnessed the ceremonies at Beech Grove Cemetery this afternoon. Muncie has three lodges of the order, with a membership of about seven hundred, and outside lodges throughout the county swell the total number in Delaware county to about 1,500. These were joined by members of the order from Farmland, Anderson, New Castle, Hartford City and other places. The mem-bers of Pocabontas lodges joined in the procession, which was very large. A team of four horses hanled a large wagon loaded with flowers, which were distributed on the graves of the seventeen brothers buried in the cemetery. The past great inchones. R. S. Gregory, of Muncie, and past great sachem and great chief of records, Thomas G. Harrison, of Indianapolis, made addresses. W. W. Ross, of Cowan, delivered the memorial address.

COLUMBUS, Ind., June 11.—Some eight years ago the Rolla Lodge, K. of P., of this city, one week after Decoration day, went to the City Cemetery here and decorated the graves of all the dead knights. Since that time this bas become a custom here, and a very popular one. The Grand Lodge took up the matter and set apart the second Sunday in June as day when the graves of departed knights should be decorated, and the custom has now become universal. At this place this was one of the big days of the

SHELBYVILLE, Ind., June 11.—To-day the Odd Fellows observed their decoration day with appropriate ceremonies. Headed by the Shelbyville Military Band the lodge marched to the city cemetery, where an oration was delivered and the graves of their departed brothers strewn with flowers. Each year the ceremony is witnessed by an increased crowd of interested citi-

BEDFORD, Ind., June 11.—The Knights of Pythias here had to-day set apart for the decoration of the graves of deceased members, and turned out in a body this afternoon. They were assisted by the Pythian

#### Another Big Oil Well Struck. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

MONTPELIER, Ind., June 11 .- The Standard Oil Company drilled its No. 1 oil well on the Samuel Wright farm, three miles east of this city, yesterday. The drill went fifty feet in Trenton rock. They then shot the well, when the oil poured out and above the derrick fifty feet. The well is good for one thousand barrels every twenty-four hours. This well is six hundred feet east of the famous Hannah Harris well, which has been making one thousand barreis daily for several weeks.

#### Seriously Hurt by a Kicking Horse, Special to the Indianapolis Journal

SHELBYVILLE, Ind., June 11 .- Mace Robmeon, a farmer living near Fountaintown, met with a serious accident yesterday afternoon. He was driving out of town, when his horse took fright at a traction engine and kicked out the front of the buggy, breaking his leg and injuring him severely. He was taken into a farm house near by and medical attention given, after which he was removed to his home, nearly thirteen miles away.

#### Indiana Notes. The Elwood electric street railway began operations Saturday.

The Epworth League convention for the Elwood district will be held in Elwood June 26, 27 and 28.

Elias Fleming was found dead, Saturday evening, a short distance from his resinence, in the northern part of Richland township, Grant county. He was seventy-six years old, and had been a resident of Grant county for half a century. Bright's disease, complicated with rheumatism, is supposed to have been the cause of death.

The largest bond ever filed in Grant county was placed on record at Marion by County Treasurer-elect William E. Heal. It calls for \$500,000, and is signed by Philip Matler, James V. Sweetser, George Swert-W. McCleery, A. B. Morrison, James W. Wilson, James Johnson, Levi Scott and Joseph W. Parker.

#### BOOTH'S LOVE OF COUNTRY. His Great Woe on Hearing of the Assassination of President Lincoln. Brooklyn Standard Union.

The assassination of President Lincoln by John Wilkes Booth was a terrible blow to Edwin Booth, who was at the time playing in Boston. The Rev. George H. Hepworth, then editor of the Transcript, wrote

Glad to inform the public that, after a thorough search of his trunks and correspondence. nothing has been found which in the slightest degree implicates him in the knowledge that such an act was contemplated. He has always been a tirm and unflinching supporter of the administration, casting the only vote of his life last November for Mr. Lincoln and standing conspicuously in his profession as a man loyal to the idea and the cause of the North. I have seen him this morning and and him overwhelmed by the greatness of his

The following correspondence will be new to many readers:

PARKER HOUSE, 7 o'clock, A. M., Saturday, April 15, 1865.

Eawin Booth, Esq.: My Dear Sir-A fearful calamity is upon us. The President of the United States has failen by the hand of an assassin, and, I am shocked to say, suspicion points to one nearly related to you as the perpetrator of this horrible deed: God grant it may not prove so. With this knowledge, and out of respect to the anguish which will fill the public mind as soon as the appalling fact shall be fully revealed, I have concluded to close the Boston Theater until further notice. Please signify to me your co-operation in this

matter.

HENRY C. JARRETT. very truly, FRANKLIN SQUARE, BOSTON, April 15, 1865.

in great sorrow and baste, I remain yours,

Henry C. Jarrett, Esq.: My Dear Sir-With deepest sorrow and great agitation I thank you for relieving me from my engagement with yourself and the public. The news of the morning has made me wretched, indeed, not only because I have received the unhappy tidings of the suspicions of a brother's crime, but because a good man and a most justly honored and patriotic ruler has fallen in an hour of national joy by the hand of an assassin. The memory of the thousands who have fallen on the field in our country's defense during this struggle cannot be forgotten by me even in this the most distressing day of my life. And I most sincerely pray that the victories we have already won may stay the brand of war and the tide of loyal blood. While mourning, in common with all other loyal hearts, the death of the President, I am oppressed by a private wee not to be expressed in words. But whatever calamity may befall me or mine, my country, one and indivisible, has my warmest devotion.

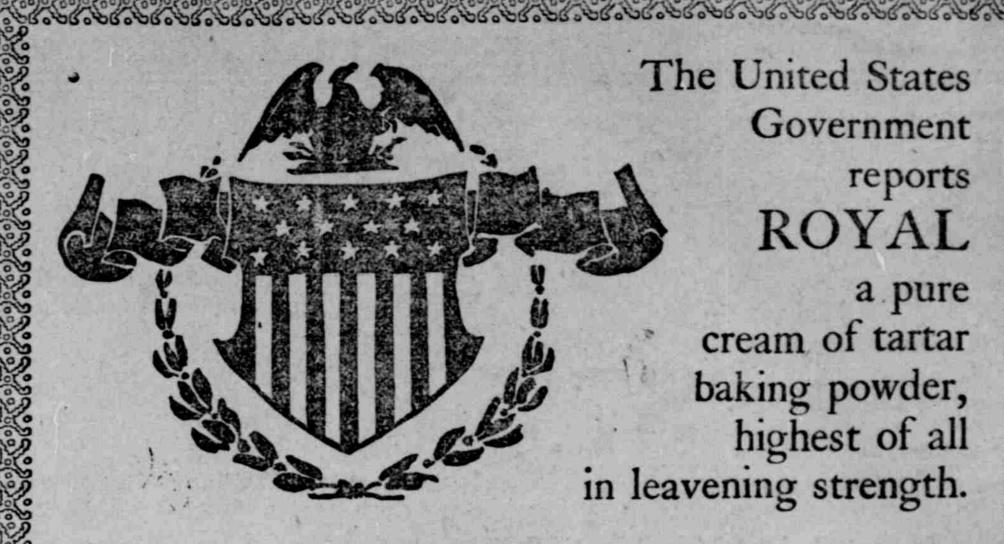
Junius Brutus Booth, the father of Edwin Booth, died November 30, 1852, in the fifty-seventh year of his age, and his son, who has added to the glery of the name, will be buried by his side in Baltimore.

#### Movements of Steamers. NEW YORK, June 11 .- Arrived: La Cham-

pagne, from Havre; Aurania, from Liver-HAVRE, June 11 .- Arrived: La Bretagne, from New York. SOUTHAMPTON, June 11 .- Arrived: Ems. from New York.

#### Advice to logalis, Cedar Rapids Gazette

Ingalls thinks that the "true solution of the race problem is for the negro to go back to Africa." Get out! How many American negroes ever saw the shores of Africal What is the matter with lugalis going back



The United States Government reports ROYAL

a pure cream of tartar baking powder, highest of all in leavening strength.

# Royal Baking Powder Absolutely Pure.

All chemical tests to which I have mitted it have proved the Royal mellethurtrie E.M. PhD.

Late Chemist U. S. Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.

Only the pure acid of grapes is used in Royal. Royal leaves no acid or alkali in the food.

#### STICKERS ON SILVER COIN. The Government Annoyed by a New Device for Defacing the Currency.

Washington Letter in Boston Transcript. "Stickers" are giving the government lot of bother. They are circular bits of paper with advertisements on the face and mucilage on the back. Made by the lick of the tongue to adhere to the reverse of a silver dollar, one of these little plasters is just big enough to fit inside of the milled rim. They have been coming widely into use in the West and South. Every time a merchant receives a cart-wheel dollar in the way of business he slaps a sticker upon it, which reads, "Take me back to Buggs' Cheap Furniture House, where you get the biggest value for cash." Or, "Return me to Snagge, the Dry-goods Man, and I will

Fetch a Bargain." The ingenious idea is copyrighted by a Columbus man, who prints and supplies the gammed stickers to merchants at so much a thousand. His circulars, distributed broadcast over the country, suggest that shopkeepers, had better make haste to avail themselves of this novel method of advertising pefore a law is passed forbidding it Meanwhile dollars with stickers on them are flowing into the treasury from all over the United States. Bankers and business houses are writing every day to the department, begging it to abate the nuisance, which in the West has already spread

alarmingly. Many people are unwilling to accept the sticker dollars, and so the circulation of Uncle Sam's coin is interfered with. Most banks will not take them, because the treasury has issued a notification to the effect that it will not accept or redeem them. It holds the ground that they are defaced and are not legal-tender on that account. It is true that they might be restored to their original perfection by removing the stickers, but Secretary Carlisle bas no appropriation for scraping them off. The mucilage employed is of so excellent quality that twelve hours' soaking does not loosen the paper from the silver.

Furthermore, the covering up of one side of the coin renders it greatly more difficult to discover whether the latter is a counterfeit or not. Chief Drummond, of the secret service, yesterday showed to your correspondent a specimen of the finest imitation dollar ever struck with a die It experts could distinguish it from a real one. The deception was considerably enhanced by a sticker on the reverse advertising a shoe house in Ottumwa, la. Were this practice permitted, manufacturers of false money would make a business of pasting on the backs of their bogus pieces advertisements bearing the of reputable shopkeepnames. Thus, insenuch as a respectable merchant would not knowingly use bad coins to publish his business, his credit would help the counterfeit to gain circulation; also, how is any body to know that the side of the dollar concealed by the sticker has not been scooped out and filled

up with lead! Fortunately there is a legal enactment forbidding the defacement of United States money, and that law is to be entorced for the immediate suppression of this new attack upon the currency. Many district attorneys in various parts of the country have already threatened prosecute merchants using the stickers, and the business will be brought to an abrupt close. Oddly enough, a scheme wholly similar was started a few years ago, but it was nipped in the bud before it had a chance to spread. Men sometimes stamp their firm names on coins. Likewise they print their business cards on the backs of one or two-dollar bills. Such acts are strictly forbidden by law. The penalty is \$100 fine for each note or coin so marked.

## Should Reduce the Fare.

New York Evening Post. The expense of the trip on the cars is, of course, the first thing that every body wants to learn in considering whether he can afford to go. The regular fare from this part of the country to Chicago is so high that it will prove an insuperable obstacle to an immense number of people who could afford to go at half the usual rate. Thus far the railroads have made only a slight reduction, and this applies only to the least desirable trains. The result is that they are carrying much smaller loads of visitors than they expected, and while some improvement may reasonably be expected, there will be nothing like a rush until a very different policy is adopted by the transportation lines.

#### Chicago People Know Best. New England Farmer.

Conscientions members of Christian Endeavor societies in peaceful church-going communities sent monstrous petitions to have the fair closed on Sundays; people who never knew what it is to be tempted to greater dissipation than a game of checkers have wasted much breath argu-

talking about. If everybody in Chicago could be set down in a church pew with hymn book in hand it would be another affair, but as a matter of fact, in these days very few people do go to church, and in the large cities the lesser of evils must be taken. It is not a ques-tion of what you would like or believe in, but rather of what is possible, and no one is better able to judge of expediency than those who are thoroughly conversant with facts. Chicago people know their own city, and that the restless humanity who seek all sorts of amusements on the Lord's day ought to have all the benefit possible out of the presence of the wonderful orderly and entertaining exhibition during the short season it is open.

# GLADSTONE GROWING FEEBLE.

He Shows the Signs of age, and Is Treated with Great Deference. Harold Frederic's Letter.

Reassembling this week, after the holidays, the Commons leaves an extremely grim impression of Gladstone. For the first time he seems to acknowledge his age, and to bow before the impending shears. The old man, always courtesy itself, seems to have taken on transfiguration garments. He is as subtle and dexterous as of yore, but etherialized and deprecatory, rising with a warning tinger like an ancient sibyl to rebuke his unruly opponents, who shrink before his apparition as from a ghost, and grow silent when he rises in the stormiest is placed here on earth simply to premoments of the House, and with weird re- pare himself for the pleasures of a future spect, cows the bitterest of his enemies. But it is purely personal, and stays no movement of the general obstruction. Conversely to the saying spread of old that

ciples that the old man is going, and an awestruck hush falls upon the turbulent assembly whenever he rises. Enemies treat him as if each speech might be his last, and deferentially listen to a voice that fails now and then, but is eked out with a gracious gesture. Nobody dreams of complaining that he cannot hear, while strangers look on appailed at the dumb show, and reporters compare notes to collate each syllable.

the beloved apostle should not die, rumor

whispers amongst the Gladstonian dis-

His Irish sympathies daily find more marked expressions, and he turns continnously toward the applanding Irish quarter as if mutual reparations were being exchanged. The story goes that he fears he will not last to witness the third reading. and regards as a sacred charge the duty of piloting the bill as far as he can during his lifetime.

He talks and thinks of nothing except carrying the bill, wishing chiefly to be remembered in connection with it. Returning home in the small hours of Wednesday morning, after a specially weary night, he marked: 'I can never go through the hot nights of July." His sayings are now being treasured up by his followers as if his hour had come. One of them quoted to me is touching enough as a remonstrance against factionism. "I hope the Irish will unite after my death."

These premonitions, however, contrast strangely at times with the supernatural energy and vim of the old man, who blazes like a furnace whenever Orangemen offer insult to their countrymen and springs at them lithe as a panther. The Liberals, however, are balanced and perplexed between considerations affecting the leaders' age. the chairman's bungling and Unionist ferocity. They stand meditative and auxions at the close of the week, hoping soon for some issue out of the parliamentary tangle.

## ISLAMIC IMMIGRATION.

If the Followers of Mishomet Come Here the South Is the Proper Place. New York Morning Advertiser. The public will watch with great inter-

est the progress of Maj. Mohammed Webb's attempt to colonize Musselmans in certain Southern States. There are some reasons why the experiment may be thought lessi-

The climate will prove agreeable to the Oriental newcomers. As the Major explains, the Mussulmans are compelled by their religion to wash and pray five times a day, and "they could not do so with comfort in any but a warm climate." There is in the temperature of our sunny Southern section a sett and enervating influence which will be very pleasant to the proposed newcemers, who are very much averse to anything like bard work. Then they will find in the South a people who are almost universally committed to the theory that it is improper for gentlemen to work; that personal exertion, save in the way of discussing politics, chewing tobacco, drinking whisky, and the incin-eration of negroes should be left to "common people" and the "middle and lower classes." There will therefore be but little trouble in speedily bringing about that assimilation which will make of the followers of Mahomet very much such Americans as at present abound in the Southern

Another recommendation in the eyes of ing on the evils that would ensue if the Monammedans for the South as a place | buy, for they're guaranteed to give satisfacgates of the White City were opened on | of residence will be tound in the ampie to the Garden of Eden and starting this | the day of rest. It is only another instance | facilities afforded for speedy translation to of the folly of not knowing what you are | Paradise. The Moslem holds that this life | There's nothing likely to be "just as good."



## National Tube-Works WROUGHT-IRON PIPE -FOR-

Gas, Steam & Water Boiler Tubes, Cast and Malicable Iron Pittings Clack and galvanized), Lives, Stop Cocks, Engine 7-2mmings, Steam Ganges, Pipe Tongs, Pipe Cutters, Vises, Screw Plates and Dies, Wrenches, Steam Traps, Pumps Kitchen Sinks, Hose, imps, Kitchen Sinks, Hose Babbit Me White and Cole viping Waste, and ther Supplies used in ection with Gas, Steam Water. Natural Gas supplied tings, Store-rooms, Mills Shops, Factories, Laundries Lember Dry-houses, Con and Thread to order Assets ought-iron Pipe from

Knight & Jillson, 75 and 77 a PENNSYLVAN IA ST

is a comparatively unimportant episode in the existence of the devout disciple. He state of sensual enjoyments. The truly pious Mussulman, in time of battle, rushes into danger with a glorious sense of exaltation at the thought that death is desirable, in that it will bring him felicity. To such a residence in the South will be specially desirable. The ease with which a sudden and rapid translation can be accomplished cannot fail to impress him. When he learns that it will require only a vigorous assertion of his purpose to vote the Republican ticket and have his ballot counted to secure a man a passage to paradise on a short route and in quick time his soul will be filled with joy.

There is no such radical difference in the standard Mohammedan and Sonthern civilization as would naturally delay the adjustment of relations between the old citizens and the newcomers. The same degree of education, conceptions of what is desirable in the way of progress, the same class, quality and style of ideas and theories are common to the great bulk of the Southern people and the Osmanli. The chief obstacle that we can see to the success of the scheme lies in the fact that your true Mussulman desires to live in touch with Mecca. There is nothing which will compensate him for what may be styled, in our rade Western fashion of putting things, the loss of his Mecea privileges. Hobert Pasha once complained that this circumstance seriously interfered with the operations of the Turkish navy. It will require great persuasion to induce genuine and devout believers to place four thousand miles of water between them and Mecca. Still, if we are to have an invasion of Moslemic hordes, Maj. Mohammed Webb has selected the proper spot for them -the dreamy, semi-Oriental, hash-heeshish, indolent, happy-go-lucky South, where the possum abides and the Senegambian waxeth fat and slothful.

Probably Untrue.

Washington Fost. Miss Vivian Sartoris, the daughter of Nellie Grant Sartoris, will go on the stage next season. She is sixteen, and is study-

ing now in Buffalo. A Place for Adiat's Ax.

New York Press. Georgia has a new postoffice named Adlas. The postmaster should hang an ax instead of a horseshoe above the door.



Pleasant Pellets come. And it's a more important point than you think. It keeps them always fresh and reliable, unlike the ordinary pills in cheap wooden or pasteboard boxes. They're put up in a better way, and they act in a better way, than the huge, old-fashioned pills. No griping, no violence, no reaction after-

IN GLASS.

ward that sometimes leaves you worse off than before. In that way, they cure per-manently. Sick Headache, Bilious Headache, Constipation, Indigestion, Bilious Attacks, and all derangements of the liver, stomach, and bowels are prevented, relieved, and cured.

They're tiny, sugar-coated granules, a compound of refined and concentrated vege-

table extracts-the smallest in size, the eastest to take, and the cheapest pill you can tion, or your money i courned. You pay

only for the good you